LC/MS applications of newly developed, high performance ODS columns in pharmaceutical analysis

BRUCE KEMPF¹, H. Tomizawa², H. Yamasaki², T. Oguma², H. Moriyama², and Y. Yasuda² ¹Tosoh Bioscience LLC, ²Tosoh Corporation



Three micron TSK-GEL ODS-100V reversed phase columns were developed by Tosoh Corporation for use in LC/MS applications, in particular for the analysis of active pharmaceutical ingredients and their metabolites. The surface polarity of these ODS columns is higher than that of conventional ODS columns with 15% carbon content. Accessible residual silanol groups have been endcapped to promote efficient, symmetrical peak shapes when analyzing basic compounds at neutral pH. The behavior of these new columns in LC/MS applications was studied, including the effects of mobile phase components, buffer concentration and pH.



As expected, a 4.6mm ID TSKgel ODS-100V, 3µm column was found to show higher column efficiency at a wide range of linear velocities, when compared with a TSKgel ODS-100V, 5µm column of the same column size, while both columns were found to have the same characteristics for retention, selectivity and ionic properties for acidic and basic analytes. The TSK-GEL ODS-100V, 3µm columns showed relatively strong retention of polar compounds compared to conventional ODS columns. Faster separations of standard analytes, along with higher resolution, were shown and good peak shapes for basic compounds were obtained, even at neutral pH. Under LC/MS-compatible mobile phase conditions, such as a solution containing a low concentration of ammonium formate, a 2.0mm ID TSKgel ODS-100V, 3µm column was found to show symmetrical peak shapes with the analysis of a basic drug, while a comparable 3µm commercial ODS column showed peak tailing. These and other results suggest that 3µm TSK-GEL ODS-100V columns are well-suited for LC/MS applications.



TSK-GEL ODS-100V, 3µm reversed phase columns were developed by Tosoh Corporation.

4.6mm ID columns were used for fundamental experiments such as testing for mobile phase components, buffer concentration and pH. A Tosoh HLC-8020 series LC system was used with UV detection at 254nm.

For LC/MS analyses, 2.0mm ID columns were coupled to a Q TRAP[®] mass spectrometer from Applied Biosystems. These columns were tested in various LC/MS applications for the analysis of basic pharmaceuticals, pesticides and environmental substances.



Table 1: Basic Properties of TSK-GEL ODS-100V, 3µm

TSK-GEL ODS-100V, 3µm		
Particle size (µm)	3	
Pore size (nm)	10	
Surface area (m²/g)	450	
Functionality	Octadecyl group	
Carbon content (%)	15	
Bonding structure	Monolayer	



Figure 1:Comparison of Basic Compounds on TSK-GEL ODS-100V, 3µm and Commercial ODS, 3µm Columns





Figure 2: Comparison of Acidic Compounds on TSK-GEL ODS-100V, 3µm and Commercial ODS 3µm Columns





Figure 3: Separation of Six Cold Products, Including Phenylephrine, using a TSKgel ODS-100V, 3µm Column



olumn:	TSKgel ODS-100V, 3µm (4.6mm ID x 15cm)
uent:	A: 0.15% TFA in H ₂ 0
	B: 0.02% TFA in ACN/MeOH (75/25)
adient:	0min (A 96%)→ 15min (A 40%)→ 17min (A 40%)
ow rate:	1.0mL/min
etection:	UV@210nm
emperature:	40°C
jection volume:	20µL
oncentration:	80µg/mL
luent:	MeOH/ H ₂ O (50/50)
amples:	1. maleate
201	2. phenylephrine
	3. acetaminophen
	4. doxylamine
	5. chlorpheniramine
	6. dextromethorphan
	7. diphenhydramine

Figure 4: Comparison of H/u Curves on 3µm and 5µm TSK-GEL ODS-100V Columns





Figure 5: High Speed Analysis on a 2mm ID TSKgel ODS-100V, 3µm Column





Figure 6: Comparison of Basic Compound Separation on TSKgel ODS-100V, 3µm and Commercial ODS, 3µm Column with LC/MS Compatible Mobile Phase





Figure 7: Rapid Identification of 20 Peptides



Column:	TSKgel ODS-100V, 3µm (2.0mm ID x 15cm)
Eluent:	A: 0.1% TFA in H,0, B: 0.1% TFA in ACN
Gradient:	0min (B 10%)→ 15min (B 70%)→ 17min (B 70%)
Flow rate:	0.2mL/min
Injection volume:	2μL
Sample:	β-lactoglobulin tryptic digest
Instrument:	Q TRAP® (Applied Biosystems), ESI+

Figure 8: TIC on TSKgel ODS-100V, 3µm with LC/ESI-MS Under Low pH Mobile Phase Condition



Column:	TSKgel ODS-100V, 3µm (2.0mm ID x 15cm)
Eluent:	A; 0.1% HCOOH in H ₂ O
	B; 0.1% HCOOH in ACN
Gradient:	0min (B 5%)→ 10min (B 100%)→ 13min (B 100%)→ 15min (B 5%)
Flow rate:	0.2mL/min
Detector :	ESI+, TIC (Range: 50-1000)



Figure 9: LC/MS Application of Aminoglycosides Antibiotics on TSKgel ODS-100V, 3µm Column



Instrument:	QTRAP (Applied Biosystems)
lon source:	ESI
Polarity:	Positive
Column:	TSKgel ODS-100V, 3µm (2.0mm ID x 15cm)
Eluent A:	5mM HFBA in H ₂ 0
Eluent B:	ACN
Gradient:	0 min (B 10%)→ 10 min (B 60%)→ 15 min (B 60%)
Flow rate	0.2mL/min
Inj. vol.:	5µL
Conc.:	0.1ppm



Figure 10: Comparing Behavior of Basic Drugs on TSKgel ODS-100V, 3µm Column



Column:	TSKgel ODS-100V, 3µm (2.0mm ID x 15cm)
Eluent:	A) 10mM HCOONH, (pH3.75)
	B) ACN
Gradient:	0min (B 0%)→10min (B 80%)→13min (B 80%)
Flow rate:	0.2mL/min
Inj. volume:	5µL
Concentration:	50ng/mL
Instrument:	QTrap (Applied Biosystems), ESI+



- (1) TSK-GEL ODS-100V, 3µm columns showed relatively strong retention and provided symmetrical peak shapes for both acidic and basic compounds (even at neutral pH) compared to other commercially available ODS columns. Faster separations of standard analytes, along with higher resolution, were shown.
- (2) A TSKgel ODS-100V, 3µm column showed excellent separation of six drugs commonly found in over the counter cold medicines. Sharp peaks were obtained for both phenylephrine and doxylamine, compounds typically difficult to separate.
- (3) Because of high mechanical stability, TSK-GEL ODS-100V, 3μm, 2mm ID columns enable high speed analysis.
- (4) TSK-GEL ODS-100V, 3µm columns provided symmetrical peaks of a basic drug with buffers containing a low concentration of ammonium formate, as are commonly found in LC/MS applications.
- (5) A low background noise level was observed in the total ion chromatogram (TIC), indicating low bleeding from the column. This data suggests that TSK-GEL ODS-100V, 3µm columns are well suited for LC/MS applications.